



**Collection 1619**

**Jasper Yeates Brinton (b. 1878)  
Collection**

**1696-1916 (bulk 1765-1820)  
39 boxes, 10 vols., 15 flat files, 17 lin. feet**

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**Abstract**

Jasper Yeates Brinton (1878-1973), a successful lawyer who worked for many years at the American Embassy in Egypt, traced his lineage back to the Smith and Steinmetz families of eighteenth-century Philadelphia. Brinton's paternal great-great grandfather, John Steinmetz (1740-1803), left Germany in 1751 and soon established a successful shipping business in Philadelphia. He became a fervent supporter of the colonial cause in the American Revolution. Steinmetz eventually owned a small fleet of ships, which carried out his trade with Europe and the West Indies. His son, John Henry Steinmetz (1766-1793) went out to St. Eustatia during the 1780s to manage that end of the business. Brinton also traced his ancestry back through his paternal grandmother to William Smith, one of the primary founders and first Provost of the College of Philadelphia (a forerunner to the University of Pennsylvania), and an associate, if not always a compatriot, of Benjamin Franklin. The Scots-born Smith was well-known in Philadelphia in the 1760s and 1770s as an Anglican clergyman and an advocate for education. His support for the Proprietors of the Pennsylvania colony made him so unpopular during the revolution that he left Philadelphia for Maryland, but he was later invited back to resume his position as Provost.

The Jasper Yeates Brinton collection consists of personal and business correspondence, shipping invoices, receipts, account books, and land records pertaining to Brinton's forebears John Steinmetz, William Smith, and Charles Smith, as well as his father John Hill Brinton, his mother Sarah Ward Brinton and his older brother Ward Brinton. John Steinmetz's papers offer insight into general trade and shipping in Philadelphia immediately before and after the Revolutionary war, and also include a small amount of correspondence regarding the divorce of his son John Henry Steinmetz (b. 1766). The papers of William Smith address the management of land holdings in Pennsylvania, New York, Maryland, and Nova Scotia, and also include some records of the family's financial transactions. Charles Smith's papers consist of documentation on the settlement of William Smith's estate, and legal documents pertaining both to cases Charles Smith handled as an attorney and cases the family was involved in. Also included in the collection are land and legal papers of Jasper Yeates Brinton's father John Hill Brinton (1832-1907), correspondence between his mother Sarah Ward Brinton and her mother, and numerous letters sent by his brother Lt. Ward Brinton while he served with the Reserve Medical Corps in Texas in 1916.

## Background note

William Smith, a prominent clergyman and advocate for education, was born in Aberdeen, Scotland in 1727. His long career in Philadelphia and Maryland educational institutions, and in the Anglican Church in America, was complicated by the political upheavals of the revolution and the early republican period. Smith's views about both politics and education sometimes put him at odds with other authorities from the Penn family to Benjamin Franklin, but to the end of his life he remained a well-respected figure in American life.

Smith studied at the University of Aberdeen, though he received no degree, and spent several years doing charitable work in London before emigrating to America in 1751 as the tutor for the sons of Colonel Martin of Long Island. In 1753 he published *A General Idea of the College of Mirania*, a pamphlet containing recommendations for establishing a new college in New York state. The publication caught the eye of Benjamin Franklin, who invited Smith to visit the Academy of Philadelphia, a charity school he had helped establish. Smith was so impressed by the school that he accepted a position on the faculty as Rector, chief administrative officer, and instructor in logic, rhetoric, and both natural and moral philosophy. He assumed his responsibilities at the Academy in May 1754, after a brief trip to England to be ordained in the Church of England.

With Franklin's support, Smith reorganized the Academy to become the College of Philadelphia, which was chartered in 1755 and is a direct ancestor of the University of Pennsylvania. Smith served as the first Provost of the institution, and also taught logic, rhetoric, and moral and natural philosophy. Smith clashed with Franklin, however, on the issue of classical education. While Franklin had envisioned a curriculum taught entirely in English and emphasizing mathematics and science to prepare students for work in trade or crafts, Smith felt strongly that classical languages should be included in the academic program. The school's trustees, who were themselves products of the classical education system, concurred with Smith.

Smith and Franklin also disagreed on Pennsylvania politics, particularly on the issue of whether control of the militia should rest with the Penn family as proprietors of the colony or with the populace. Franklin argued for control by the citizenry while Smith supported the proprietors. The vagaries of popular opinion were such that Franklin was removed from the college's board of trustees for his views, while Smith was briefly jailed for expressing his.

During the 1760s, Smith made a successful fund-raising tour of Great Britain, received honorary degrees from the universities of Oxford, Aberdeen, and Dublin, and became the rector of Trinity Church in Oxford Township, near Philadelphia. His continued support for the proprietary privilege of the Penn family made him, and by extension the College of Philadelphia, a focus of proto-Revolutionary ire. Though Smith supported the broadening of colonial liberties, he deplored the upheaval spurred by groups like the Sons of Liberty in Boston, and during the Revolution he printed essays calling for pragmatic caution. Suspecting him of Tory sympathies, the Pennsylvania Assembly

chose not to offer Smith a position when, in 1779, they rechartered the College of Philadelphia as the University of the State of Pennsylvania.

After losing his position at the College, Smith relocated to Maryland, where he founded Washington College using the same curriculum he had successfully implemented in Philadelphia, and devoted much attention to ecclesiastical issues, particularly the controversy over whether to appoint an American bishop of the Episcopal church. Smith presided over the 1780 convention that established the diocese of Maryland, and was elected, though never consecrated, as Maryland's first bishop. He was also instrumental in creating the prayer book for the American Episcopal church.

A shift in the Pennsylvania state government in the mid-1780s led to the reestablishment of the College of Philadelphia, and in 1789 Smith was invited to become provost once again. The population of Pennsylvania could not, however, support two institutions of higher learning, and in 1791 the College of Philadelphia merged with the University of the State of Pennsylvania to create the University of Pennsylvania. Smith retired at the time of the merger, and passed his remaining years at his estate above Falls of the Schuylkill, where he died in 1803.

In 1758, William Smith married Rebecca Moore, the daughter of Judge William Moore, a political compatriot to Smith who was jailed with him in the late 1750s. The couple had eight children, of whom six (William Moore Smith, Thomas Duncan Smith, Williamina Elizabeth Smith, Charles Smith, Richard Smith, and Rebecca Smith) lived to adulthood. The couple had a happy marriage; upon her death in the yellow fever epidemic of 1793, Smith eulogized her as "the best of Women, the best of Wives."<sup>1</sup> The family had significant land holdings both in Pennsylvania and in New York state.

Smith's third son, Charles (1765-1836), attended the college his father founded in Maryland and was admitted to the Pennsylvania bar in 1786. In 1791 he married Mary Yeates; the couple settled in Lancaster, Pa., where they raised eight children. Charles served as President Judge of the Pennsylvania District of Adams, Cumberland and Franklin counties, and later of Lancaster City and County. He and his family lived briefly in Baltimore, Md., before returning to Philadelphia where Charles died in 1836.

The Smith family became linked to the John Steinmetz family by the marriage of Charles and Mary's eldest daughter, Mary Margaret Smith (1806-1870) to George Brinton (1804-1858) in 1831. George Brinton was the son of John Hill Brinton the elder (1772-1827) and Sarah Steinmetz, the eldest daughter of John Steinmetz and Maria Catharine Keppele.

John Steinmetz was born in 1740 in Germany, the son of Daniel Steinmetz and Anna Maria Schryer. He arrived in Philadelphia in 1751, and soon established himself as a merchant. In 1765, he married Maria Catharine Keppele, scion of another German merchant family. Not long afterwards, his younger sister Margaret (Peggy) further reinforced the family's professional alliances by marrying William Bell, a merchant and

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<sup>1</sup> William Smith to Mr. Cassidy, November 2, 1793.

gentleman farmer who became one of John Steinmetz's strongest business associates. Steinmetz bought and sold bulk produce like flaxseed and flour on behalf of farmers outside Philadelphia; he also dealt in goods imported from overseas. By the 1770s he and his brother-in-law Henry Keppele jointly owned several ships that followed trade routes between Philadelphia and ports in Canada, Europe, and the Caribbean.

As a merchant, Steinmetz was a member of the American class most affected by Britain's mercantilist policies during the 1760s. It is therefore unsurprising that Steinmetz was a strong supporter of the Revolutionary cause, even though tensions with Great Britain impeded his import business. He served with the military during the war, taking his oath of allegiance to Pennsylvania on October 18, 1779. According to some accounts, Steinmetz served in the Pennsylvania Assembly beginning in 1781.

During the early years of the republic, Steinmetz' business continued to grow. In 1785, he sent his oldest son, John Henry Steinmetz Jr., to St. Eustatia in the Dutch West Indies to manage the Caribbean end of the family shipping business. Young Henry's career there was neither long nor successful; he made an unfortunate marriage with a woman known as the Widow Stevens, and failed to realize his father's hopes for increasing the trade in tea and sugar. In 1790 he returned home in disgrace, and with his father's support and urging divorced his wife.

John Steinmetz' daughter Sarah (1769-1843) had a far more successful marriage. She wedded John Hill Brinton the elder (1772-1827) and had four children, each of whom made a significant marital alliance. Daughter Catherine Ann (1796-1866) married Edward Ingersoll, one of the family of eminent Philadelphia lawyers bearing that name, while Anna Maria (1801-1876) married Charles Sidney Coxe son of Tench Coxe. Elizabeth (b. 1800) married a physician, George McClellan; their son George Brinton McClellan became a widely renowned general in the Civil War and later governor of New Jersey. Finally, their son George Brinton (1804-1858) married Mary Margaret Smith (1806-1870), uniting the Steinmetz and the Smith families.

George and Mary Brinton's son, John Hill Brinton (1832-1907) was a Pennsylvania physician who lectured at Jefferson Medical College and served as a Brigade Surgeon in the Civil War. In the late 1860s he married Sarah Ward, the daughter of Ferdinand De Wilton Ward, one of the first American missionaries to India. Sarah was the subject of an 1878 portrait by American artist Thomas Eakins. The couple had several children, including Ward (born about 1873) and Jasper Yeates Brinton (1878-1973), donor of this collection. Ward became a physician like his father, and was active in the Reserve Medical Corps of the Army. Jasper became an attorney, and worked with the Judge Advocate General's department of the U.S. Army before embarking on a lengthy career as a legal advisor with the American Embassy in Egypt, where he lived from the early 1920s until the 1970s. Jasper's childhood in Philadelphia, combined with his heritage, made him strongly interested in collecting and preserving the records of his ancestors, and he made significant donations to both the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and the library of the University of Pennsylvania. He died in 1973.

## Scope & content

The Jasper Yeates Brinton collection is richest in material relating to trade in Philadelphia during the late eighteenth century. Also included are a small number of documents rich in information about the personal lives of members of the Smith, Steinmetz, and Brinton families. The collection contains correspondence, account books, receipts, bills of lading, shipping inventories, and land records pertaining to Brinton's ancestors and closer relations in the Brinton, Smith, and Steinmetz families.

Materials relating to John Steinmetz and his family deal primarily with his business as a merchant shipper in Philadelphia from the early 1760s through 1800. There are almost no documents dealing directly with the Revolutionary War or Steinmetz's political views, but his professional dealings with Pennsylvania farmers, fellow Philadelphia merchants, and European export firms are extensively documented through correspondence. His shipping papers offer a detailed picture of the business of transporting and selling flour, sugar, tea, and manufactured goods in the late eighteenth century, with invoices and receipts for paying crew members as well as cargo manifests, crew lists, correspondence with captains, bills for wharfage, and notices of customs duties. A few records of his personal finances, including receipts for tuition at Philadelphia schools, and two folders of correspondence regarding the divorce of his son Henry Steinmetz (b. 1766), offer insight into the social history of wealthy Philadelphians.

The Smith family papers record the activities of William Smith and his son Charles, with some references to his other sons Richard and William Moore. The documents are rich in information about the Smith family land holdings, the settlement of William Smith's estate, and Charles Smith's legal career. One letter from William Smith to his friend Mr. Cassidy describes the death of his wife, Rebecca Moore, in the yellow fever epidemic of 1793, but the strength of the collection lies in the records of William Smith's real estate holdings in Pennsylvania, New York state, and Maryland, and in the correspondence, notes, and legal documents recording Charles Smith's professional activities as a lawyer.

The most significant section of the Brinton family papers are three folders of letters from Lt. Ward Brinton to his mother, Sarah Ward Brinton. The letters date from July-October 1916 when, as an officer of the Medical Reserve Corps of the U.S. Army, Ward was posted to Texas as part of a force meant to discourage the incursions of the Mexican general Pancho Villa into U.S. territory. Ward's letters offer detailed insight into camp life at that time and place. The Brinton family papers also include a single letter written by George Brinton, assorted notes and legal documents pertaining to John Hill Brinton (1832-1907), and other documents collected by Jasper Yeates Brinton, most notably extracts from the correspondence of Robert Elliot to Isaac Norris.

Unless otherwise noted, the documents are arranged chronologically within each subseries.

## Overview of arrangement

Series I	John Steinmetz, 1762-1822 a. Correspondence, 1762-1796 b. Shipping, 1765-1801 c. Mercantile, 1762-1800 d. Personal, 1781-1791 e. Additional materials, 1763-1822	23 boxes 5 FF, 1 vol.
Series II	Smith Family, 1763-1843 a. William Smith, 1763-1836 b. Charles Smith, 1765-1843	14 boxes, 10 FF, 9 vol.
Series III	Brinton Family, 1696-1916	2 boxes

## Series description

### Series 1. John Steinmetz, dates (Boxes 1-22)

#### a. Correspondence, 1732-1796.

Incoming correspondence about John Steinmetz's merchant and shipping concerns makes up the majority of this subseries. The letters were previously divided into domestic and foreign correspondence.

The domestic correspondence records how Steinmetz acted as both agent and supplier for farmers and businessmen outside Philadelphia. Men like Nathaniel Blencowe of Kingswood (in present-day West Virginia), or James Arbuckel of Chester County, Pennsylvania, ordered cloth, tea, nails, knitting needles, soap, sugar, and other supplies from Steinmetz. They also sent him produce or goods to sell on their behalf. In 1770, for example, Nathaniel Blencowe shipped Steinmetz dozens of hogsheads of flax seed and large amounts of beeswax to be sold in Philadelphia at the best price possible. Steinmetz also dealt in smaller requests; in 1762, Blaithwaite Jones sent him seven pairs of breeches, describing them as "an Adventure of my Mother, which I shall take as a favour if you would dispose of... to the Best Advantage." Presumably Steinmetz earned a commission on these sales, but the correspondence is not always clear on the point.

One of Steinmetz's primary correspondents was his brother-in-law William Bell, a fellow Philadelphia merchant who also maintained a farm in Lancaster. Bell peppered his requests for goods for his farm with inquiries after Steinmetz's wife and children, and brief news of his own wife, Steinmetz' younger sister Margaret (Peggy), who was herself an occasional correspondent. Bell's letters make frequent reference to "mother," who could be either his own mother or Steinmetz's.

Two folders of letters regarding the divorce of John Steinmetz's son Henry represent the only strictly personal material in this subseries. From 1785 to 1790, Henry Steinmetz lived on the island of St. Eustatia, handling the Caribbean end of his father's shipping business. There he met and married a widow, Mrs. Elizabeth Stevens, who had at least one child from her previous marriage. The elder Steinmetz

sternly disapproved of the union, which apparently was a stormy one; according to young Henry, the couple had separated at least once before he made the final break.

The Steinmetzes charged Elizabeth with dishonesty and loose virtue; she repeatedly and passionately avowed her devotion to Henry. The correspondence presents a confusing picture, with her adoring letters to Henry and a few bitter, condemnatory lines from the Steinmetzes to her and to friends about the situation. In January 1791, almost six months after leaving Elizabeth in St. Eustatia, Henry wrote to her, "what have I ever received [from you] but treachery & deceit... (I mean the Different Moneys I have missed at Trinidad, St. Bart, & Statia & last of all the Chest of Tea)... I have put in force the Divorce formerly had at St. Barth, with a determination never to see your face again." In sharp contrast, she wrote to Henry's father "I can no longer live parted from him... if he is in distress I am willing to share it with him... he is an affectionate Husband to me, & as long as I live I *will not forsake him*."<sup>2</sup> Elizabeth traveled to Philadelphia in search of Henry, who fled the city to hide with the McCalla family, who administered Steinmetz's store in Chester County. When she had a child in August 1791, nearly a full year since she and Henry had been together, the Steinmetz's case for her poor virtue seemed assured, and Henry wrote to the distinguished Philadelphia lawyer Jared Ingersoll, laying out the situation and asking for counsel. It is not clear whether Ingersoll acted in the matter, but after that, Elizabeth returned to the Caribbean and eventually married a Mr. Seaman, though she continued to appeal to the Steinmetzes for monetary support.

Steinmetz's foreign correspondence documents his interaction with European and Caribbean merchants. Correspondents include representatives of Parr Bulkeley & Company in Lisbon, William Wallace & Company in Liverpool, James Robinson in Halifax, Herman Heyman & Son in Bremen, Parish & Company in Hamburg, Joshua Beale & Company in Cork, and Le Couteuls Desportes in Cadiz. Steinmetz's 1770s correspondence with Benjamin and John Bowers of Manchester is particularly noteworthy, as the Bowers brothers discussed the effects of Revenue acts passed by Parliament which prevented them from shipping goods that Steinmetz had ordered.

b. Shipping, 1765-1801.

This subseries consists of documents relating specifically to the shipping aspect of the Steinmetz family business. John Steinmetz's ships carried cargoes including flour, tea, sugar, lumber, and manufactured goods between Philadelphia and ports in Ireland, England, Portugal, the Caribbean islands, or Canada.. During the late 1760s, Steinmetz's merchandise traveled by means of a number of different vessels, but in the 1770s he apparently developed a small fleet of his own ships, including the ships Catherine, Charming Peggy, and Nancy, and the brig Sally. Of particular interest is an account book detailing the process of building the ship Catherine, "a Ship of 64 Feet Keel & 25 ½ Feet Beam," during the winter of 1771. The subseries also includes crew lists, cargo inventories, invoices for ship maintenance, notices of

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<sup>2</sup> Elizabeth Steinmetz to John Steinmetz, December 14, 1790.



customs duties, bills for wharfage, and other records of the voyages of Steinmetz's ships. Documents in this subseries are grouped together by ship, then arranged chronologically.

c. Mercantile, 1762-1800.

This subseries contains bills, invoices, contracts, accounts, and other records of John Steinmetz and Henry Keppele's non-shipping business transactions. Documents include records of sales made in Philadelphia and at a store Steinmetz owned in Chester County, run by Alexander McCalla. Steinmetz had dealings with other Philadelphia merchants including William Sitgreaves, William McMurtrie, and Willaday & Montgomery. He had accounts with many individuals, including Paul Beck, John Paisley, William Bell, and John Miller.

d. Personal finances, 1781-1794.

This subseries contains a few folders of receipts and notes relating to John Steinmetz' personal expenses, including purchases of clothes for his family and tuition payments for his children.

e. Additional material, 1763-1822.

This subseries contains materials that have either a tangential or an unclear link to the Steinmetz family. Documents with no clear link to the Steinmetzes include assorted petitions made to the General Assembly of Pennsylvania in the early 1780s, items relating to two Philadelphia militia organizations, the *Independece Bleus* [sic] and the Philadelphia Rifle company, two issues of Philadelphia newspapers from 1822, and a number of deed polls recording the sale of lands in Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, to William Peters, Esquire and Daniel Clark, Merchant, of Philadelphia. The subseries also includes two folders of correspondence, notes, and accounts regarding an iron works near York, Pennsylvania, apparently purchased by John Steinmetz but managed by others.

**Series 2. Smith Family, 1763-1843 (Boxes 23-36)**

a. William Smith land papers, 1763-1822.

Materials in this subseries document the purchase and management of lands owned by William Smith in Bedford County, Pennsylvania, Oswego, New York, Nova Scotia, Maryland, and elsewhere in Pennsylvania. Records include deeds, warrants, correspondence, surveys, and notes about the division of William's property among his children. Also included are land books with survey information for lands that may or may not have been owned by the Smith family, and an inventory of lands William possessed at the time of his death.

b. William Smith business and personal papers, 1763-1836

This subseries includes legal documents, tax records, correspondence, receipts, memoranda, bills, receipts, notes of bank transactions, and account books associated with William Smith. While most documents record William Smith's affairs, there are a few records of William's brother Thomas Smith and of Theodore Smith, whose relationship to this Smith family is unknown. Business correspondents include J. Barnes, Ed. Ward, James Crawford, Mr. Blodget, and W. M. Smith (possibly a

relation), and most letters discuss shipping or other business. Receipts record transactions for blacksmith work, the purchase of staples like sugar and oats, and labor such as digging in a garden or carrying goods from one place to another.

Also included in this subseries are several documents in German that refer to William Smith, contract books, and a single letter from William to his friend Patrick Cassidy of Frankstown, discussing the death of William's wife Rebecca in the yellow fever epidemic of 1793. He wrote in a letter dated November 2 of that year, "My dear daughter Mrs. Blodget had the disorder, with considerable Malignity, but thro' God's Blessing on the efficacious medicines of Dr. Rush, & my dear Wife's attendance Night & Day as her Nurse, she was restored, but in ten Days afterwards, my dear Wife was seized and is now, I trust, with God. My Sister who nursed my Wife, was also seiz'd the 4<sup>th</sup> day after her Death, but we hope, this being the 10<sup>th</sup> day, she is out of present Danger... The late cool Weather, with some Rain and a Frost have abated the Malignancy of the Disorder so far that but few now remain seized with it & they are generally in a convalescent State and we are flattered with the Hope that in a Week more, the Contagion will wholly disappear – But the Issues of Life and of Death are with God."

c. Charles Smith correspondence 1786-1843

This subseries contains both personal and business correspondence sent to Charles Smith, with a very few items of outgoing correspondence. Family correspondence included significant amounts of business information about property held in common, the settlement of Charles' father William's estate, and intra-family loans. Regarding the disposition of some of William's land, Richard Smith wrote to Charles in 1813, "It appears... that Younge does not mean to take the other seven tracts of Mushannon Land. As this is the Case, the chief object of the Sale will be defeated. Our Object in the sale was to contribute equally to raise a Sum for the Payment of Debts, but now there is no Equality. Neither you nor William part with any it is only the Goldsboroughs, the Blodgets and myself that have sold our Property at half price."<sup>3</sup>

Charles had significant correspondence with his cousin Phineas Bond [Jr.] (1749-1815). The two men were close – Phineas addressed his cousin as "Charles" and teased "I am sure you are either in Love or distracted by... extreme Attention to Books... [as] you say nothing of the steps to be pursued about the back Lands." (September 27, 1789) Apparently Charles and Phineas had some joint land concerns, and bought/borrowed books from each other.

Much of the correspondence deals with land disputes and the maintenance of property in Lancaster and Bedford Counties. Charles Smith corresponded about these issues with his brothers Richard and William Moore Smith, as well as with Thomas Vickroy, William Orbison, Thomas Stewardson, Alexander Nisbet, and Benjamin Morgan. Vickroy in particular often served as agent for Charles, collecting rents and settling debts. For example, in a letter of June 23, 1813, he wrote: "After

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<sup>3</sup> Richard Smith to his brother Charles Smith, July 3, 1813

hard scratching I have collected fourteen hundred Dollars for you, and have left it with Mr. Josiah Espy in Bedford in order to send it... by the first opportunity.”

The subseries also includes some correspondence of the Yeates family, particularly a letter from Thomas B. McElwee, son-in-law of Charles Smith, to Catherine Yeates, describing and protesting a rift between him and the Smith family subsequent to his separation from his wife, Williamina Elizabeth Smith (1797-1848). Also in dispute was McElwee's possession of a plantation in Bedford, PA which he named Maryville after his daughter.

d. Charles Smith financial, 1788-1836

This subseries contains accounts, bills and receipts, checks, and a few items of correspondence relating to Charles Smith's personal and professional finances. Bills and receipts record transactions for both goods and labor, as well as the settlement of debts. Smith kept accounts with John Blair and Andrew Henderson, among others, and used the Bank of Pennsylvania as his primary financial institution.

e. Charles Smith legal papers, 1768-1825

The legal documents in this subseries include records of court cases, land disputes, indentures, commissions, and agreements, dealing with people and places both in Pennsylvania and in Great Britain. Both cases prosecuted by Charles Smith as an attorney and cases involving the family are represented. Some documents do not have any overt connection to Charles Smith or the Smith family.

Items of particular interest include a certificate dated March 1, 1821 appointing Charles Smith to oversee the publication of the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and a “Draft of a Charge to a Grand Jury” at York, England, dated 1768, which comprises a short explanation of the British legal system of the time with definitions of crimes including forgery and bigamy.

f. Charles Smith land papers, 1765-1835

This subseries includes correspondence, maps, books, and correspondence dealing with the land holdings of Charles Smith, particularly near Oswego, New York.

**Series 3. Brinton Family, 1696-1916**

This series consists of correspondence received by member of the Brinton family, land records and other documents pertaining to John Hill Brinton (1772-1827) and assorted other documents presumably collected by Jasper Yeates Brinton.

The papers of John Hill Brinton (1772-1827) are an assortment of legal, land, and business records dating from 1767 to 1821. The majority of the documents deal with the rental of lands in Lycoming County, Pennsylvania. Also included are a few receipts, sketched maps, and items of correspondence about rents.

The Brinton family correspondence includes a single 1840 epistle to George Brinton from W.H. Dillingham, regarding the disposition of real estate, and two groups of correspondence received by Sarah Ward, the wife of John Hill Brinton (1832-1907).

Sarah Ward's incoming correspondence contains letters from her mother in Geneseo, New York, where her father was the pastor of a Presbyterian church. Mrs. Ward's letters discuss goods that she had her daughter send from Philadelphia, family travel, domestic arrangements, and moral or religious issues. In a letter that was apparently written not long after Sarah's marriage, her mother noted, "It pleased me to know that you did not go to the Fancy Ball.... I feel very much pleased that you have fallen into such a sensible family and one which will not force you into gaieties and follies for which you have no taste."<sup>4</sup>

The bulk of this series, however, consists of letters Sarah received from her son Ward Brinton. A doctor and first lieutenant with the Medical Reserve Corps, Ward was mobilized as part of a force sent to garrison the Mexican border in 1916 after Pancho Villa's forces attacked Columbus, New Mexico, killing seventeen Americans. He was stationed in El Paso, Texas from early July until early October of that year. In frequent letters to his mother, Ward discussed his daily observations of El Paso life both in and out of camp, rumors about troop movements in Mexico, and family business. A few weeks after his arrival in Texas, he wrote, "Mother dear... what you say is sweet to read – and to know that your thoughts are following me just as mine go out to you. It was hot to day – and I hardly stirred from my tent until 4 o'clock when the captain – Conyngham and I got into our 'Tin Lizzie'... and went down to the army post at Fort Bliss for a shower.... Yesterday... our company got into a little mess with some Mexicans across the river near Juarez, but it was most trifling and I think the Mexicans only made their little attack for bravado. No one was hurt." (July 18, 1916)

A few copies of memos from Ward to his superiors suggests that one of his primary responsibilities was inspecting the camp for compliance with hygiene regulations, and that he was eager to be demobilized and sent back to Philadelphia. He was eventually successful in securing orders to return to Philadelphia in mid-October.

Other documents in this series include a copy of extracts from letters of Robert Elliot to Isaac Norris, 1696-1701, undated lists of books and goods, and correspondence 1817-1825 between Hugh Boyle and Robert & Edward Coleman regarding a Boyle's attempt to make good a debt by granting the Colemans his interest in the Ship General Hand.

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<sup>4</sup> Jane Ward to Sarah Ward Brinton, January 31, 1867.

## Separation report

None.

## Related materials

William Smith Papers, UPT 50 S664, University Archives and Record Center, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa.

Yeates Family Papers, Lancaster County Historical Society, Lancaster, Pa.

John Hill Brinton Collection, MS013, Thomas Jefferson University Archives and Special Collections, Philadelphia, Pa.

John Hill Brinton Papers, 1853-1896, MSS 2/0269-01, The College of Physicians of Philadelphia, Philadelphia, Pa.

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Tracy, William. "Jasper Yeates Brinton: An American Judge in Egypt." *Saudi Aramco World*, 21 No. 5, (Sept/Oct 1970). ([www.saudiaramcoworld.com/issue/197005](http://www.saudiaramcoworld.com/issue/197005) , accessed 9/6/2005)

## Subjects

Arbuckel, James  
Bell, William (1739-1816)  
Blencowe, Nathaniel  
Boyle, Hugh  
Brinton, George (1804-1858)  
Brinton, Jasper Yeates (1878-1973)  
Brinton, Sarah Ward (b. 1836)  
Brinton, Ward (1873-1935)  
Coleman, Edward  
Coleman, Robert  
Crawford, James  
Keppele, Henry (1745-1782)  
McCalla, Alexander  
McElwee, Thomas B.  
McMurtrie, William  
Nisbet, Alexander

Orbison, William  
Sitgreaves, William  
Smith, Charles (1765-1836)  
Smith, Rebecca Moore (1733-1793)  
Smith, Richard (1769-1823)  
Smith, Theodore  
Smith, Thomas (1760-1821)  
Smith, William (1727-1803)  
Smith, William Moore (1759-1821)  
Smith, Williamina Elizabeth (1797-1848)  
Steinmetz, Daniel (1705-1760)  
Steinmetz, John Henry (1766-1811)  
Steinmetz, John (1740-1803)  
Steinmetz, Margaret (1751-1811)  
Stevens, Elizabeth  
Stewardson, Thomas  
Vickroy, Thomas  
Ward, Jane Shaw  
Yeates, Catherine (1783-1866)  
Yeates, Jasper (1748-1817)

City and town life – Pennsylvania – Philadelphia  
Courts – Pennsylvania  
Deeds – Pennsylvania  
El Paso (Tex.) – Social life and customs  
Family life – Pennsylvania – Philadelphia  
Fort Bliss (Tex.) – History  
Fort Bliss Region (Tex.) – History  
Iron industry and trade – Pennsylvania – History  
Lawyers – Pennsylvania  
Married women – Legal status, laws, etc. – United States—History  
Merchants – Pennsylvania - Philadelphia  
Mexico - History  
Mexican-American Border Region--History.  
Ocean travel – Atlantic area  
Oswego, New York – History  
Pennsylvania – Militia  
Philadelphia (Pa.) – Genealogy  
Philadelphia (Pa.) – Social life and customs – 18<sup>th</sup> century  
Real Property – New York  
Real Property – Northeastern states  
Real Property – Nova Scotia  
Real Property – Pennsylvania  
United States – Foreign relations – Mexico  
United States – History – 1783-1815  
United States – History – 18<sup>th</sup> century  
United States – History – 1913-1921

United States – History – 19<sup>th</sup> century  
United States. Army Reserve History  
United States. Army--History--Punitive Expedition into Mexico, 1916  
Upper class families – Pennsylvania – Philadelphia – 18<sup>th</sup> century  
Upper class families – Pennsylvania – Philadelphia – 19<sup>th</sup> century  
Upper class families – Pennsylvania – Philadelphia – 20<sup>th</sup> century  
Wills – Pennsylvania – Philadelphia  
Women – Legal status, laws, etc – United States – History  
Yellow fever – Pennsylvania – Philadelphia – 1793

Bank of Pennsylvania  
Catherine (Ship)  
Charming Peggy (Ship)  
Enterprize (Brig)  
Herman Heyman & Son  
Independence Blues  
Mary (Brig)  
Nancy (Ship)  
Parish & Company  
Parr Bulkeley & Co.  
Philadelphia Rifle Company  
Sally (Brig)  
William Wallace & Co.

## **Administrative Information**

### **Restrictions**

None

### **Acquisition information**

Gift of Jasper Yeates Brinton, 1951.

### **Alternative format**

None

### **Preferred citation**

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### **Processing note**

A number of items in the collection required cleaning for mold. Cleaned items are identified by stickers on the folder and the box.

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## Box and folder listing

### Series 1. John Steinmetz. a. Correspondence

Folder title	Date	Box	Folder
Domestic Correspondence – Blaithwaite Jones	1762	1	1
Domestic Correspondence	1762-1764	1	2
Domestic Correspondence	1764	1	3
Domestic Correspondence	1765	1	4
Domestic Correspondence	1766	1	5
Domestic Correspondence	1767	1	6
Domestic Correspondence	January – March 1768	1	7
Domestic Correspondence	April – July 1768	1	8
Domestic Correspondence	August – December 1768	1	9
Domestic Correspondence (including finance)	1769	1	10
Domestic Correspondence (including finance)	1769	1	11
Domestic Correspondence	January – February 1770	1	12
Domestic Correspondence	March – April 1770	1	13
Domestic Correspondence	May – June 1770	1	14
Domestic Correspondence	July 1770	2	1
Domestic Correspondence	August 1770	2	2
Domestic Correspondence	September 1770	2	3
Domestic Correspondence	October 1770	2	4
Domestic Correspondence	November 1770	2	5
Domestic Correspondence	December 1770	2	6
Domestic Correspondence	1770 general	2	7
Domestic Correspondence	January – February 1771	2	8
Domestic Correspondence	March – April 1771	2	9
Domestic Correspondence	May 1771	2	10
Domestic Correspondence	June – July 1771	2	11
Domestic Correspondence	August 1771	2	12

Domestic Correspondence	September – October 1771	2	13
Domestic Correspondence	November – December 1771	2	14
Domestic Correspondence	1772	3	1
Domestic Correspondence	January – February 1772	3	2
Domestic Correspondence	March – April 1772	3	3
Domestic Correspondence	May – June 1772	3	4
Domestic Correspondence	July – August 1772	3	5
Domestic Correspondence	September – October 1772	3	6
Domestic Correspondence	November – December 1772	3	7
Domestic Correspondence	January – April 1773	3	8
Domestic Correspondence	May – June 1773	3	9
Domestic Correspondence	July – September 1773	3	10
Domestic Correspondence	October 1773	3	11
Domestic Correspondence	November – December 1773	3	12
Domestic Correspondence	January 1774	4	1
Domestic Correspondence	February – March 1774	4	2
Domestic Correspondence	April 1774	4	3
Domestic Correspondence	May 1774	4	4
Domestic Correspondence	June – July 1774	4	5
Domestic Correspondence	August – September 1774	4	6
Domestic Correspondence	October 1774	4	7
Domestic Correspondence	November – December 1774	4	8
Domestic Correspondence – account with Shirley & Price, Charleston SC	1774-1775	4	9
Domestic Correspondence – letters from Joseph Benfield	1774-1775	4	10

Domestic Correspondence	January – April 1775	4	11
Domestic Correspondence	May – December 1775	4	12
Domestic Correspondence	1776	5	1
Domestic Correspondence	1777	5	2
Domestic Correspondence	1782	5	3
Domestic Correspondence	1783	5	4
Domestic Correspondence	1785	5	5
Domestic Correspondence	1786-1789	5	6
Personal correspondence – Henry Steinmetz's divorce	1788-1791	5	7
Personal correspondence – Henry Steinmetz' divorce	1792-1801	5	8
Domestic Correspondence	1790s	5	9
Domestic Correspondence	n.d.	5	10
Foreign Correspondence	1770	5	11
Foreign Correspondence	1771	5	12
Foreign Correspondence	February – May 1772	5	13
Foreign Correspondence	June – December 1772	5	14
Foreign Correspondence	January – August 1773	5	15
Foreign Correspondence	September – December 1773	6	1
Foreign Correspondence	January – June 1774	6	2
Foreign Correspondence – Letters from Lisbon	1773	6	3
Foreign Correspondence	July – December 1774	6	4
Foreign Correspondence	1775	6	5
Foreign Correspondence	1776	6	6
Foreign Correspondence	1777	6	7
Foreign Correspondence	1778	6	8
Foreign Correspondence	1782	6	9
Foreign Correspondence	1783	6	10
Foreign Correspondence	1784	6	11
Foreign Correspondence	February – April 1785	6	12

Foreign Correspondence	May – December 1785	6	13
Foreign Correspondence	1786	7	1
Foreign Correspondence	1787	7	2
Foreign Correspondence	1788	7	3
Foreign Correspondence	1789	7	4
Foreign Correspondence	1790	7	5
Foreign Correspondence	1791	7	6
Foreign Correspondence	1792	7	7
Foreign Correspondence	1793	7	8
Foreign Correspondence	1794	7	9
Foreign Correspondence	1795	7	10
Foreign Correspondence	1796	7	11

**Series 1. John Steinmetz. b. Shipping, 1765-1801.**

Folder title	Date	Box	Folder
Brig Enterprize	1765-1776, n.d.	7	12
Brig Enterprize (bundle)	1776	7	13
Ship Catherine – Account book for building of new ship (Catherine)	1770-1771	7	14
Ship Catherine – Disbursements and cargo manifest	1771-1772	7	15
Ship Catherine	1771-1773	8	1
Ship Catherine	1772-1774	8	2
Ship Catherine (bundle)	1773	8	3
Ship Catherine – Passengers from London arrived at Philadelphia	1773	8	4
Ship Catherine – Account of disbursement	1773	8	5
Ship Catherine – sales of sundry merchandise [items have been cleaned for mold]	1773-1774		FF 1
Ship Catherine, bills, invoices, and receipts	1783, 1786-1787	8	6
Ship Catherine, first voyage to Lisbon	1784	8	7
Ship Catherine	1784-1785	8	8
Ship Catherine	1785	8	9
Ship Catherine – Capt. Wilson's orders	c. 1785	8	10
Ship Catherine	1786-1787	8	11
Ship Catherine (bundle)	c. 1787	8	12
Invoice, bill lading, and manifest of Catherine's cargo	1787	8	13

Ship Catherine, accounts	1787	8	14
Invoices of Catherine's Cargo	July 1788	8	15
Ship Catherine (bundle)	1788	8	16
Ship Catherine (bundle)	1788	9	1
Ship Catherine – Capt. Wilson's orders for labor	1789	9	2
Ship Catherine – Account of goods taken from on board	n.d.	9	3
Charming Peggy	1771-1772	9	4
Charming Peggy	1771-1772	9	5
Charming Peggy	1772	9	6
Charming Peggy – certificate of ownership and document from the British admiralty guaranteeing safe passage in British waters	1772		FF 2
Charming Peggy	1772-1773	9	7
Charming Peggy	1772-1773	9	8
Charming Peggy (bundle)	1772-1774	9	9
Charming Peggy	1772-1781	9	10
Charming Peggy (bundle)	1773	9	11
Charming Peggy	1773-1775	9	12
Charming Peggy	1773-1784	9	13
Charming Peggy – old disbursements	1773-1775	9	14
Charming Peggy – sundry orders for men's wages	November – December 1774	9	15
Charming Peggy (bundle)	1774	9	16
Charming Peggy – Stephen Rogers orders for work	1775	9	17
Charming Peggy (bundle)	1775	9	18
Charming Peggy	1775-1779	10	1
Charming Peggy	1770s	10	2
Brig Hannah	1776	10	3
Brig Sally – first voyage to Halifax	1784	10	4
Brig Sally – first voyage to Halifax, sundry papers	1784	10	5
Brig Sally – Steinmetz & Robinson accounts	1784-1787	10	6
Brig Sally – accounts of disbursement	1785	10	7
Brig Sally – invoices and bills of cargo	1785	10	8
Brig Sally – second voyage to Halifax	1785	10	9
Brig Sally – third voyage to Halifax	c. 1785	10	10
Brig Sally – fourth voyage	1785	10	11
Brig Sally – fifth voyage	1785	11	1
Brig Sally – fifth voyage, invoices	1785	11	2

Brig Sally – accounts	1786	11	3
Brig Sally (bundle)	1786	11	4
Brig Sally (bundle)	1786-1787	11	5
Brig Sally (bundle)	1787	11	6
Brig Sally	1787-1796	11	7
Brig Mary	1784-1794	11	8
Brig Mary	1793	11	9
Brig Mary – Capt. Ware’s orders for mate and three seamen’s wages	1794	11	10
Ship Nancy (bundle)	1784-1785	11	11
Ship Nancy (bundle)	1784	11	12
Ship Nancy	1785	12	1
Ship Nancy – first voyage	1785	12	2
Ship Nancy – manifest of the Cargo on board the ship Nancy	n.d.	12	3
Brig Minerva – articles of agreement for crew	1795		FF 3
General - Fragmentary shipping notes	1765-1766	12	4
General - Shipping inventories, notes, and receipts	1765-1768	12	5
General – contents of pocketbook	1765-1771		FF 4
General - Ships’ accounts, bundled (Catherine and Peggy)	1765-1776	12	6
General - Ship accounts – loose papers, mostly cargo inventories	1765-1773	12	7
General - Cargo inventories	1765-1776	12	8
General - Cargo inventories, invoices, notes	1767-1770	12	9
General - Cargo inventories	1770-1772	13	1
General - Cargo inventories	1772-1773	13	2
General – assorted shipping papers	1768-1795	13	3
General - Accounts with Henry Keppele re. ships Catherine and Charming Peggy	1774-1788	13	4
General - Assorted ship accounts (loose)	1770s	13	5
General - Henry Steinmetz – business on St. Eustatia	1785-1790	13	6
General - Cargo inventories and accounts (bundle)	1786	13	7
General - Assorted shipping papers	1786-1792	13	8
General – Capt. Joseph Stiles accounts of powder imported	1787	13	9
General – receipts for custom house bonds and duties	1790-1797	13	10
General - Cargo inventories	1791-1794	13	11

General – Printed notices of wharf fees for docking and unloading cargo	c. 1795	14	1
General – Printed price lists for various staples	1796-1799	14	2
General – statements of duties (loose)	1790s	14	3
General – assorted ships' accounts	1797, 1804	14	4

**Series 1. John Steinmetz. c. Mercantile, 1762-1800, n.d.**

Folder title	Date	Box	Folder
Bundle of accounts	1762-1769	14	5
Bundle of accounts	1764-1769	14	6
Notes of sale, William Sitgreaves	1766-1769	14	7
Notes of exchange	1767-1769	14	8
Bills, mostly to/from Henry Keppele	1767-1773	14	9
Sales	1768	15	1
Loose bills and invoices	1768-1789	15	2
Sundry items sold by William Sitgreaves	1768-1770	15	3
Assorted bills	1769-1774	15	4
Accounts with Willday & Montgomery	1769-1775	15	5
Sales of goods at William Sitgreaves	March-June 1770	15	6
Sale of gunpowder	1770	15	7
Accounts bundle	1770	15	8
Accounts bundle	1770-1771	15	9
Loose bills	1770-1772	15	10
Accounts bundle	1770-1776	15	11
Accounts bundle	1770-1779	15	12
Loose papers, mostly bills	1771-1772	16	1
Magazeen [Magazine] account	1771-1774	16	2
Correspondence and contract with William Sutton for wheat purchase	1771-1775	16	3
Bills and receipts	1771-1776	16	4
Loose account papers	1771-1781	16	5
Unsigned orders, notes, and scratch paper	1771-1794	16	6
Accounts (examined 1797)	1772-1773	16	7
Bundle of invoices	1772-1774	16	8
Loose accounts	1772-1775	16	9
Assorted invoices	1772-1793	16	10
Bundle of bills	1773-1774	17	6
Bundle of accounts	1775-1775	17	7
Loose accounts	1774-1776	17	8

Business with William West and William McMurtrie	1774-1781	17	9
Loose accounts	1774-1793	17	10
Bundle of accounts	1775-1776	17	11
Coxe & Furman account	1775	17	12
Assorted accounts and receipts	1775-1793	17	13
Robert Paisley's account	1777-1791	17	14
William Bell's account	1778-1780	17	15
William Bell's account	1778-1780	18	1
Loose accounts	1778-1795	18	2
Bundle of accounts	1778-1797	18	3
Accounts	1779-1783	18	4
Bundle of invoices	1781-1789	18	5
Carpentry accounts	1781-1791	18	6
Receipts and orders for John Steinmetz's stores	1781-1794	18	7
John Bayard's account	1782-1788	18	8
Bundle of bills	1782-1791	18	9
Loose papers, mostly bills	1782-1797	18	10
Benedict Dorsey's bills	1783-1784	18	11
Arnold Delius' invoices (bundle)	1783-1784	18	12
Loose bills	1783-1784	19	1
Accounts F	1783-1793	19	2
Bills D	1783-1794	19	3
List of loan certificates and other papers	1783-1794	19	4
Loose bills and other papers	1784-1794	19	5
Arthur St. Clair & Co, accounts current & bills	1784	19	6
Bills of sundry goods bought at St. Clair auction	1784	19	7
Account with Joseph Miller	1784-1789	19	8
Accounts bundle	1784-1789	19	9
Expenses to sundry accounts	1784-1790	19	10
Alexander McCalla	1784-1791	19	11
Rates and conditions of the Phoenix Fire-Office	1785	19	12
Accounts, Orders, etc	1785-1786	19	13
Accounts, Orders, etc	1785-1786	20	1
Loose receipts, Henry Steinmetz	1785-1790	20	2
Loose accounts	1785-1790	20	3
Loose bills	1785-1792	20	4
Accounts bundle	1785-1793	20	5
Accounts bundle	1785-1796	20	6



Andrew McCalla and Robert Pennibacker accounts	1786-1791	20	7
Paul Beck's account, current & settled	1787	20	8
Accounts etc for 1787	1787	20	9
Loose accounts	1787-1792	21	1
Fragmentary account statements	1787	21	2
Account with Joseph Miller	1788	21	3
Accounts bundle	1788	21	4
Bundle of bills	1788-1792	21	5
Receipts	1789-1790	21	6
Loose accounts	1789-1794	21	7
Account with Joseph Miller	1789-1790	21	8
Account with Joseph Miller	1789-1790	21	9
John Chaloner's sales	1789-1793	21	10
Peter Woglom's accounts, orders etc	1790	21	11
12 bills from Isaac Miller	1791	21	12
John Steinmetz – notes of disbursement drawn on the Bank of the U.S.	1793	21	13
Notes and scratch paper	1792-1800	21	14
Bundle of accounts	1793-1800	21	15
Accounts	c. 1794	22	1
Assorted papers	c. 1800	22	2
Loose papers (mostly blank)	n.d.	22	3
Certificates of liquor duties paid	n.d.	22	4
Invoices, account of Philip Hersh	n.d.	22	5
Flour invoices	n.d.	22	6

**Series 1. John Steinmetz. d. Personal, dates.**

Folder title	Date	Box	Folder
Bills and accounts for John Steinmetz's personal expenses	1781-1794	22	7
Sundry papers taken from pocket book	February 1783	22	8
Receipts for tuition paid for John Steinmetz's children	1785-1781	22	9
Jury summonses and other notices	1799, n.d.	22	10
Journal/commonplace book	1792-1802	Vol. 1	

**Series 1. John Steinmetz. e. Additional material, 1763-1822.**

Folder title	Date	Box	Folder
Will and estate of Daniel Steinmetz	1758-1772	22	11
Deed polls	1763	22	12

Legal papers	1767-1828	22	13
Furnace near York, PA	1768-1785	22	14
Furnace near York, PA	1786-1792, n.d.	22	15
General Assembly notes	1770-1784	23	1
Mortgages and assorted papers	1785-1798	23	2
Legal papers	1785-1812	23	3
Patent for a tract called Union Green on Crooked Creek in Northumberland County, Pennsylvania. (With patent of Jacob Snyder for land in Northumberland County.)	1788		FF 5
Enrollment for Philadelphia Rifle Company	1800	23	4
Draft of constitution of, and notes on formation of, the Independence Blues	1800	23	5
Estate of John Steinmetz, c. 1804	c. 1804	23	6
Newspapers	1822	23	7
Additional papers	n.d.	23	8

**Series 2. Smith Family a. William Smith land records**

Folder title	Date	Box	Folder
Land at Dunnings Creek	1763-1791	Vol. 2	
"Bedford" land papers, George Croghan items	1763-1788	24	1
"Bedford" land papers	1763-1799	24	2
"Bedford" land papers	1763-1803	24	3
"Bedford" land papers	1765-1829	24	4
"Bedford" land papers	1766-1816	24	5
"Bedford" land papers	1773-1803	24	6
Deed polls for lands in Bedford County, Pennsylvania	1787, 1788, 1791		FF 6
Maps of lands in Pennsylvania, including Bedford lands	1800, n.d.		FF 7
Survey of lands near St. John's River in Nova Scotia	1765		FF 8
Articles of agreement regarding joint purchase of lands in Nova Scotia by ten gentlemen of Philadelphia	1765		FF 9
Nova Scotia land papers and correspondence	1765-1786	25	1
Liberty Land papers	1765-1799	25	2
William Smith and Coxe family – Royal land grants	1769	Vol. 3	

[Old Locations and Account of Lands	c. 1769	Vol. 4a	
Field books – Surveys	1769 -1770	Vol. 4b	
Field books – Juniata lumber land surveys	1770-1771	Vol. 4c	
Surveys at Hickory Corner and elsewhere	1774	Vol. 4d	
Surveys near Little Conemaugh and Stony Creek	1774	Vol. 4e	
Survey	1774	Vol. 4f	
Single sheet of survey information	1774	Vol. 4g	
Original Field notes of a road from Water Street to Lewis, Southwest of Bouquet Spring in Woodcock Valley	1774-1775	Vol. 4h	
Seven surveys of lands near Clearfield Creek	1774-1775	Vol. 4i	
Fragment of a survey	1775	Vol. 4j	
John Armstrong transcribed into field book (survey)	April 1775	Vol. 4k	
Subpoenas issued to May Risi Prices	1781	Vol. 4l	
Subpoenas to Lands (one sheet)	October 1792	Vol. 4m	
Fragment of a survey	n.d.	Vol. 4n	
Field books – Two surveys]	n.d.	Vol. 4o	
Northampton land papers	1769-1801	25	3
Oswego, NY lands	1768-1802, n.d.	25	4
Oswego lands, Coxe letters	1774-1822 and n.d.	25	5
Northumberland (?) land papers	1769-1801	25	6
Northumberland land papers	1772-1788	26	1
Assorted Maryland papers	1772-1796	26	2
Maryland land correspondence	1781-1796	26	3
Surveys of plots of land	1773	26	4
Field book	1773	Vol. 5	
Assorted land papers	1775-1802	26	5
Field book	1777	Vol. 6	
Land notes, Maine and Canada	1779-1796	26	6
Indenture and deed showing conveyance of lands in New York state from William and Rebecca Coxe to William Smith	1780		FF 10
“Mill Bank” and “Hobson’s Choice” lands in Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania	1783, 1794		FF 11

Division of lands among children	1783-1800	26	7
Merion lands – papers	1792	26	8
Warrants of William Smith	1792-1794	26	9
Deed of John Kidd to Paul Zantzinger re: land in Northumberland County, Pennsylvania	1795		FF 12
J. Abercrombie land correspondence to Richard Smith	1799-1803	26	10
Land papers	1800, n.d.		FF 13
Huntingdon lands [items have been cleaned for mold]	1800-1803	26	11
Land papers – Luzerne	1801	26	12
Disposition of William Smith's lands [items have been cleaned for mold]	1803	26	13
[Inventory of lands, residual estate of William Smith]	[c. 1810]	Vol. 7	
Notes on the southern boundary of Pennsylvania	n.d.	26	14
Draft of Hubley's estate, Maryland	n.d.		FF 14

**Series 2. Smith Family b. William Smith business and personal papers**

Folder title	Date	Box	Folder
[Contract Books]	[1763-1774]	Vol. 8	
Assorted legal documents	1764-1788	27	1
Receipt and account book	1766-1772	27	2
Correspondence	1766-1767, 1777, 1782	27	3
Bills, receipts, accounts	1770-1802	27	4
Tax lists	1774-1819	27	5
Assorted business papers	1776-1829	27	6
Thomas Smith – business papers and correspondence	1777-1800	27	7
Dr. Smith receipts	1780s	27	8
Conswego Canal papers	1792-1802	27	9
Mr. Blodget – correspondence and notes	1792-1812	27	10
Letter re: death of his wife	1793	27	11
German documents mentioning William Smith	1801	27	12
Account with Stephen Williams, settled 1801	1801		FF 15
Memorandum Book of William Smith, D.D.	1802	27	13
Thomas Smith – will	1806-1809	28	1

Theodore Smith – assorted business papers	1827-1836	28	2
Theodore Smith - Cherry Hill Bank book	1835-1836	Vol. 9	
Theodore Smith - Western Bank book	1835-1836	Vol. 10	
Book with notes of bank transactions, disbursements, and receipts	n.d.	28	3
Cancelled checks	n.d.	28	4

**Series 2. Smith Family c. Charles Smith correspondence**

Folder title	Date	Box	Folder
Charles Smith Correspondence – Jasper & Catherine Yeates	1786-1836	28	5
Charles Smith Correspondence – Phineas Bond	1787-1810	28	6
Charles Smith Correspondence	1790-1802	28	7
Charles Smith Correspondence – General Hand's estate	1802-1818	28	8
Charles Smith Correspondence	1803-1806	28	9
Charles Smith Correspondence	1807-1809	29	1
Charles Smith Correspondence	1809-1810	29	2
Charles Smith Correspondence	1811-1812	29	3
Charles Smith Correspondence	1813	29	4
Charles Smith Correspondence	1814	30	1
Charles Smith Correspondence	1815	30	2
Charles Smith Correspondence	1816-1817	30	3
Charles Smith Correspondence	1817-1818	30	4
Charles Smith Correspondence	1819	30	5
Charles Smith Correspondence	1820	31	1
Charles Smith Correspondence	1821	31	2
Charles Smith Correspondence	1822	31	3
Charles Smith Correspondence	1822	31	4
Charles Smith Correspondence	1823	31	5
Charles Smith Correspondence	1823	31	6
Charles Smith Correspondence	1824	31	7
Charles Smith Correspondence	1824	32	1
Charles Smith Correspondence	1825	32	2
Charles Smith Correspondence	1825	32	3
Charles Smith Correspondence	1825	32	4
Charles Smith Correspondence	1826	32	5
Charles Smith Correspondence	1826-1835	32	6
Charles Smith Correspondence – Judge John Yeates and estate of Jasper and Sarah Yeates	1826-1836	33	1

Charles Smith Correspondence	1827	33	2
Charles Smith Correspondence	1828-1829	33	3
Charles Smith Correspondence	1830-1835	33	4
Charles Smith – agreement re: William Smith's estate [items have been cleaned for mold]	1833	33	5
Charles Smith Correspondence	1836-1843	33	6
Charles Smith Correspondence	n.d.	33	7
Fragmentary correspondence [items have been cleaned for mold]	n.d.	33	8

**Series 2. Smith Family d. Charles Smith financial papers**

Folder title	Date	Box	Folder
Accounts	c. 1788 – 1789	33	9
Receipts and bills	1791-1793	33	10
Receipts and bills	1791-1797	34	1
Receipts etc	1793-1796	34	2
Old receipts to Charles Smith	1794-1796	34	3
Receipts and correspondence	1795-1803	34	4
Receipts, accounts	1796-1827	34	5
Receipts	1801-1820	34	6
Bills and accounts	1803-1813	35	1
Loose receipts	1804-1817	35	2
Checks	1829-1835	35	3
Bills paid and checks drawn	1829-1836	35	4

**Series 2. Smith Family e. Charles Smith legal papers**

Folder title	Date	Box	Folder
Legal terms defined	1768	35	5
Legal papers	1797-1814	35	6
Legal papers	1798-1820	35	7
Legal papers	1800-1823	36	1
Legal papers	1811-1825	36	2
Legal papers	1819-1823	36	3
Legal papers	1820s	36	4
Legal papers	1820s	36	5

**Series 2. Smith Family f. Charles Smith land papers**

<b>Folder title</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Box</b>	<b>Folder</b>
Assorted land papers	1765-1819	37	1
Land book detailing holdings of [Charles Smith?]	c. 1790	37	2
Oswego, NY lands – correspondence	1812-1833	37	3
Oswego, NY lands	1823-1835	37	4
Oswego, NY lands	1823-1835	37	5

**Series 3. Brinton Family Papers**

<b>Folder title</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Box</b>	<b>Folder</b>
Copy of extracts from letters of Robert Elliot to Isaac Norris	1696-1701	38	1
John Hill Brinton	1767-1821	38	2
John Hill Brinton	1773-1813	38	3
Lists	1809, n.d.	38	4
Coleman-Boyle correspondence	1817-1825	38	5
Letter to George Brinton from W.H. Dillingham	1840	38	6
Letters to Sarah Ward from her mother	1864-1867, 1888, n.d.	38	7
Letters to Sarah Ward (Mrs. J.H. Brinton)	1916	38	8
Letters to Sarah Ward (Mrs. J.H. Brinton)	1916	39	1
Letters to Sarah Ward (Mrs. J.H. Brinton)	1916	39	2